

Chapter 1 Introduction - Length: 04:46

WORD OR TERM	START TIME	DEFINITION
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viability	03:48	Capable of success or continuing effectiveness; practicable. <i>He has a viable plan, Does the United States have a viable national economy?</i>
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Chapter 2 The Ohio Lands - Length: 07:30

WORD OR TERM	START TIME	DEFINITION
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Audubon¹	01:46	Audubon, John James. 1785-1851. Haitian-born American ornithologist and artist whose extensive observations of eastern North American avifauna led to the publication of <i>The Birds of America</i> (1827-1838), a collection of his engravings that is considered a classic work in ornithology and American art.
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crown canopy	02:58	The uppermost layer in a forest, formed by the crowns of the trees.
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domino effect	04:46	A cumulative effect produced when one event sets off a chain of similar events. <i>The domino effect of increasing the speed limit in one state led to a similar increase in the surrounding states.</i>
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Chapter 3 The Ordinance and the Company - Length: 06:55

WORD OR TERM	START TIME	DEFINITION
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due process of law	04:14	An established course for judicial proceedings or other governmental activities designed to safeguard the legal rights of the individual.
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lobby	02:59	To try to influence the thinking of legislators or other public officials for or against a specific cause: <i>lobbying for stronger environmental safeguards; lobbied against the proliferation of nuclear arms.</i>
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provision	03:12	The act of supplying or fitting out. A preparatory action or measure. A stipulation or qualification, especially a clause in a document or agreement
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Renaissance man	05:00	A man who has broad intellectual interests and is accomplished in areas of both the arts and the sciences.
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Chapter 4 Fort Harmar - Length: 06:00

WORD OR TERM	START TIME	DEFINITION
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banditti	01:15	A synonym for squatter.
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bastion	02:09	A well-fortified position.
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desertion	03:32	To abandon (a military post, for example) in violation of orders or an oath.
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evict	01:43	To put out (a tenant, for example) by legal process; expel.
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flog	04:27	To beat severely with a whip or rod.
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foray	02:43	A sudden raid or military advance. To make a raid.
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¹Dictionary.com: <http://dictionary.reference.com>

Chapter 5 Adventure Galley, or Going Out of the of the World – Length: 09:11

WORD OR TERM	START TIME	DEFINITION
apprehension	06:15	Fearful or uneasy anticipation of the future; dread
boulevard	08:05	A broad city street, often tree-lined and landscaped
Capitolium	08:15	Capitolium means Capitol in Latin. Early Ohio Company settlers of Marietta named this Hopewell Indian platform mound located at 615 Fifth Street under the Washington County Public Library in Marietta, OH.
edifice	09:02	A building, especially one of imposing appearance or size.
flotilla	03:12	A number of warships operating together under one command. A large group of boats.
grandiose	08:28	Characterized by greatness of scope or intent; grand. Characterized by pretended or affected grandeur, pompous.
marquee tent*	07:32	The Marquee tent is rectangular with square corners. They offered a great deal of useable floor space. Marquee tent can be found in historical sketches from Roman times. Historically, many of these tents were decorated with stripes for a truly striking appearance.
Quadranaou	08:18	Early Ohio Company settlers of Marietta named this rare platform mound located near the intersection of Fourth and Warren Streets in Marietta, OH. It is thought to be a Hopewell Indian mound. Its local nickname is “Turtle Mound”. The Latin term Quadranaou refers to the fact that the mound has four pathways to the top of mound, one on each side of the rectangle.
Renaissance man	02:49	A man who has broad intellectual interests and is accomplished in areas of both the arts and the sciences.
Sacra Via	08:17	Sacra Via means “sacred way”. Early Ohio Company settlers of Marietta gave this Prehistoric Indian walled walkway from the Muskingum River to nearby mounds a Latin name. The perimeter mounds were destroyed when settlers used the land for their own purposes but the walkway still exists as a city park.
Tiber	08:19	Tiber Way is a street that still exists in Marietta Ohio. It was named by early Ohio Company settlers to show that they knew Latin. The Tiber River flows through Rome in Italy.
tragic figure	07:03	A person who is brought to ruin or suffers extreme sorrow, especially as a consequence of a tragic flaw, moral weakness, or inability to cope with unfavorable circumstances.
virgin forest	03:21	Forest or woodland having a mature or overly mature ecosystem more or less uninfluenced by human activity

*Learn more about Marquee tents at Tentsmiths.com:

<http://www.tentsmiths.com/period-tents-rectangular-marquee.html>

Chapter 6 *Field of Mars* – Length 06:45

WORD OR TERM	START TIME	DEFINITION
abode	06:27	A dwelling place; a home.
blockhouse	01:59	A structure of heavy timbers formerly used for military defense with sides loopholed and pierced for gunfire and often with a projecting upper story. a small easily defended building for protection from enemy fire
Campus Martius	00:08	The Latin name given to the main fort or stockade of the Ohio Company of Associates in Marietta, OH. Translated “Campus Martius” means military camp or field of Mars. Mars was the Roman god of war.
condominium	05:26	A building or complex in which units of property, such as apartments, are owned by individuals and common parts of the property, such as the grounds and building structure, are owned jointly by the unit owners.
curtain wall	02:08	A straight stretch of fort wall between blockhouses, bastions, or towers.
ingenious	04:51	Marked by especial aptitude at discovering, inventing, or contriving. marked by originality, resourcefulness, and cleverness in conception or execution
shareholder	02:04	One that owns or holds a share or shares of stock; a stockholder. Also called shareowner. Stock is the capital or fund that a corporation raises through the sale of shares entitling the stockholder to dividends and to other rights of ownership, such as voting rights.
tenon	02:45	A tab on the end of a piece of wood shaped to fit into a mortise (slot or hole) in a second piece of wood so that two pieces are joined together strongly.

Chapter 7 *Adelphi* – Length 19:15

WORD OR TERM	START TIME	DEFINITION
confiscated	10:32	Seized by a government or authority; appropriated.
consumption	18:48	Pulmonary (lung) tuberculosis. A progressive wasting of body tissue. The term is no longer in scientific use.
even keel	15:03	Balanced, as a ship is floating on its designated waterline and the keel is horizontal; by extension, to have a calm even disposition
exude	09:52	To exhibit in abundance. His face that exuded self-satisfaction.
girdling	02:16	A band made around the trunk of a tree by the removal of a strip of bark
gout	16:51	A disturbance of uric-acid metabolism occurring chiefly in males, characterized by painful inflammation of the joints, especially of the feet and hands, and arthritic attacks resulting from elevated levels of uric acid in the blood and the deposition of urate crystals around the joints. The condition can become chronic and result in deformity.
inordinate	10:42	Exceeding reasonable limits; immoderate
periphery	14:15	The outermost part or region within a precise boundary
reconnoiter	01:53	To make a preliminary inspection of, especially in order to gather military information.
Society of Cincinnati**	09:09	The General Society of the Cincinnati was founded in May, 1783, at the Verplank house, Fishkill, New York, by officers who fought in the American Revolution. It is the first military beneficial society. Each Original Member was obliged to pledge to his State Society one month's officer's pay, the interest therefrom going to those members and their families "unfortunately" in need. The Society worked to influence Congress for pensions for surviving Revolutionary veterans.
tinderbox	15:05	Something very inflammable.

** Learn more about the Society of Cincinnati at web site of The State Society of the Cincinnati of Pennsylvania:
<http://pasocietyofthecincinnati.org>

Chapter 8 Spies and Rangers – Length 07:53

WORD OR TERM	START TIME	DEFINITION
cultured	00:30	A high degree of taste and refinement formed by aesthetic and intellectual training.
ingrained	00:00	Firmly established; deep-seated
Old Dominion	01:05	A name of uncertain origin, perhaps from the old designation of the colony as “The Colony and Dominion of Virginia”.
skirmish	06:38	A small, relatively unimportant battle: an incident where fighting breaks out briefly between two small contingents away from the main battlefield in a war
Yankee¹	00:34	A person who was born in or who lives in New England. The term’s most likely source is the Dutch name Janke, meaning “little Jan” or “little John,” a nickname from the 1680s. The name Yankee came to be used as a term of contempt, perhaps because it was used as the name of pirates.

Chapter 9 Farmer’s Castle – Length 10:33

WORD OR TERM	START TIME	DEFINITION
a range	08:00	A north-south strip of townships six miles square and numbered east and west from a meridian in a U.S. public land survey.
bottom land	01:26	Low-lying land along a watercourse.
inure	00:16	Harden somebody to something. To make somebody used to something unpleasant over a period of time, so that he or she no longer is bothered or upset by it.
prosecuted	06:20	To bring legal action against for redress or punishment of a crime or violation of law
Tuckahoe	06:00	Virginians who lived on the eastern side of the Blue Ridge Mountains were often called Tuckahoe while western Virginians were called Cohee. Tuckahoe is an Indian term for a tubular root plant. Why or how the term became connected to Virginians is unknown. Cohee came from the Scotch-Irish immigrants and is thought to be a shortening of the expression “quothe he”.

Chapter 10 The Starving Year – Length 12:00

WORD OR TERM	START TIME	DEFINITION
benevolent	00:15	Showing kindness or goodwill, Performing good or charitable acts and not seeking to make a profit.
Biblical proportions	06:04	This phrase refers to events that seem to be as bad as the great plagues and wide spread disasters that are told about in the Christian Bible. Examples might be the great flood of Noah or the locust plagues in Egypt.
brutal	11:22	Grossly ruthless or unfeeling. Crude or unfeeling in manner or speech. Harsh; unrelenting.
Johnny cake	03:34	Usually called corn bread today, this bread is still made with dried, ground corn kernels. It is also called Journey Cake and Corn Pone.
pip	06:31	A small fruit seed. This term is meant to refer to something that is of little or no value such as a small fruit seed - like the small seeds on the outside of a strawberry.
plague	06:15	A disastrous evil or affliction. An epidemic disease causing a high rate of mortality.
scarcity	04:58	Deficient in quantity or number compared with the demand. Not plentiful or abundant.

¹Dictionary.com: <http://dictionary.reference.com>

Chapter 11 *Big Bottom – Length 15:45*

WORD OR TERM	START TIME	DEFINITION
cultural tragedy	09:41	An event that is disastrous for one or more cultures, one that may involve a distressing loss of the culture(s) or injury to the culture(s). Having a tragic aspect or element to the interplay of cultures involved.
deliberate	03:00	Characterized by or resulting from careful and thorough consideration. Characterized by awareness of the consequences. Slow, unhurried, and steady as though allowing time for decision on each individual action involved.
Federalist	15:36	An advocate of confederation; specifically (Amer. Hist.), a friend of the Constitution of the United States at its formation and adoption; a member of the political party which favored the administration of president Washington
forfeited	00:44	Something surrendered or subject to surrender as punishment for a crime, an offense, an error, or a breach of contract
obliged	10:15	To constrain by physical, moral, or legal force or by the exigencies of circumstance physical, legal, or moral outside force. Because she had gotten help from the Red Cross, she felt obliged to volunteer during the flood the following year.
picketing	01:30	A soldier located outside a fort or other location and given the duty of warning others of an enemy's approach. To enclose, secure, tether, mark out, or fortify with pointed stakes often driven into the ground.
picketing	01:30	A detachment of one or more troops, ships, or aircraft held in readiness or advanced to warn of an enemy's approach. A pointed stake often driven into the ground to support a fence, secure a tent, tether animals, mark points in surveying, or, when pointed at the top, serve as a defense.
procured	10:21	To get by special effort. To obtain or acquire.

Chapter 12 *The Door Opens – Length 11:25*

WORD OR TERM	START TIME	DEFINITION
aspiration	03:59	A strong desire for high achievement.
caliber	03:15	Degree of worth; quality
exalted	03:23	Raised in rank, character, or status; elevated. Glorified, praised, or honored.
garrison	01:46	A military post especially a permanent military installation.
hiatus	03:47	A gap or interruption in space, time, or continuity; a break
recoup	04:07	To receive an equivalent for; make up for.
renege	04:10	To fail to carry out a promise or commitment.
scheme	05:13	A systematic plan of action. To make plans, especially secret or devious ones.
stability	02:52	The state or quality of being stable. Resistance to change, deterioration, or displacement. Constancy of character or purpose; steadfastness. Reliability; dependability.
Utopian¹	05:27	Of, relating to, describing or having the characteristics of a Utopia. Utopia was an island in a book written in 1516 by Sir Thomas Moore where society was perfect socially, politically, and morally.

On-line Dictionaries, accessed through RefDesk /<http://www.refdesk.com/>, for this project and included:

- ▶ Dictionary.com: <http://dictionary.reference.com/>
- ▶ One Look - Dictionary Source. <http://www.onelook.com>
 - One Look returns definitions from dozens of different dictionaries.
 - The home page address for each of the other primary dictionaries used to create this glossary is listed below – but one may access all of these sources without leaving the One Look web site.
 - Merriam-Webster OnLine: <http://www.m-w.com/>
 - The American Heritage® Dictionary of the English Language: <http://www.bartleby.com/61/>
 - MSN Encarta: <http://encarta.msn.com/encnet/features/dictionary/dictionaryhome.aspx>
 - Info Please: <http://www.infoplease.com/dictionary.html>

DVD Bonus Materials Glossary

TERM	DEFINITION	LOCATION	TITLE	START TIME
abolitionist	A reformer who favors doing away with (abolishing) slavery.	Interviews ▶ History	Cultural Differences North/South	03:51
altruism	Unselfish concern for the welfare of others; . selflessness	Interviews ▶ Government	Article 6 (Cayton)	00:49
antiquity	Ancient times, especially the times preceding the Middle Ages.	Interviews ▶ History	Divided Loyalties	00:47
atrocities	Appalling or atrocious condition, quality, or behavior; monstrosity - especially an act of unusual or illegal cruelty inflicted by an armed force on civilians or prisoners	Interviews ▶ History	Concept of Land (Zimmer)	01:27
desecrating	Violating the sacredness of; profaning. Putting to an improper, unworthy, or degrading use.	Interviews ▶ History	Concept of Land (Zimmer)	01:09
Feudal Ages	A political and economic system of Europe from the 9th to about the 15th century, based on the holding of all land in fief or fee and the resulting relation of lord to vassal and characterized by homage, legal and military service of tenants, and forfeiture. In feudal law, a fee (or fief) is an estate in land granted by a lord to his vassal on condition of homage and service.	Animations	Campus Martius	04:28
garrets	A room on the top floor of a house, typically under a pitched roof; an attic.	Animations	Campus Martius	03:13
gauntlet	A severe trial; an ordeal. An attack from all sides. A form of punishment or torture in which people armed with sticks or other weapons arrange themselves in two lines facing each other and beat the person forced to run down the aisle between the lines.	Interviews ▶ History	Women: Treatment by Indians	00:13

Guerilla warfare	Guerrilla warfare operates with small, mobile and flexible combat groups called cells, without a front line. Guerillas are an irregular armed force that fights by sabotage and harassment. From the Spanish word “guerra” meaning war.	Interviews ▶ History	Defending Indian Homeland (Secordine)	01:51
loft	An open space under a roof; an attic or garret.	Animations	Campus Martius	03:12
menials	Servants, especially domestic servants. People who have a servile or low nature.	Interviews ▶ History	Women: Treatment by Indians	00:30
motivate	To provide with an incentive; move to action; impel.	Interviews ▶ Culture	Ichabod Nye	00:24
obliquely	to, toward or at one side: at an oblique angle	Animations	The Point	00:58
palisades	A fence of pales forming a defense barrier or fortification. A pale is a stake or pointed stick; a picket.	Animations	Campus Martius	04:06
paternalistic	Benevolent but sometimes intrusive. Paternal means having the characteristics of a father.	Interviews ▶ History	Black Pioneers	00:21
pessimistic	Expecting the worst in a world that seems terrible, without hope because there seems to be no possibility of comfort or success, having no positive features	Interviews ▶ Culture	Ichabod Nye	00:39
qualms	Feeling of uneasiness about a point especially of conscience or propriety	Interviews ▶ History Williams	Women: Rebecca	01:06
regiment	A military unit of ground troops consisting of at least two battalions, usually commanded by a colonel. A battalion is a large body of organized troops.	Interviews ▶ Culture	Ichabod Nye	01:56
reluctant	Offering resistance; opposing.	Interviews ▶ Culture	Ichabod Nye	00:38
run	A slang term for a stream with a continuous flow of water. A run flows into a larger body of water such as a river.	Animations	The Point	00:57